यदि हां, तो वह योजना किस प्रकार चल रही है ;

(ख) क्या कभी इसका कोई मूल्यांकन किया गया है कि रोपे जाने के दो अथवा तीन वर्ष के पश्चात् कितने वृक्ष बच पाते हैं ; और

(ग) क्या यह सच है कि वृक्ष लगाये जाने के दो अथवा तीन वर्ष के पश्चात कोई यह नहीं देखता कि लगाये गये वृक्ष जीवित हैं अथवा नहीं ?

पर्यावरण और वन मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री जेड० आर० अन्सारी) :(क) जी हां, 20 सूत्रीय कार्यक्रम में पेड़ रोपण को पाइंट संख्या 16 के रूप में शामिल किया गया है । पिछले 2 वर्षों के लिये लक्ष्य और उपलब्धियां इस प्रकार हैं :–

(पौधों की संख्या करोड़ों में)

वर्ष	लक्ष्य	उपलब्धियां
1985–86	280.96	302.01
1986–87	342.84	352.37

1987–88 में 460 करोड़ पौधे लगाने का योजना है । पिछले 2 वर्ष की उपलब्धियां 100% से अधिक हैं । इस तरह पेड़ रोपण का कार्यक्रम संतोषजनक हो रहा है ।

(ख) जी हां । वन विभाग आमतौर पर पौध लगाने के 3 वर्षों तक पौधों की जीविता का जांच करता है । इस पद्धति को अब प्रत्येक राज्य/संघ शासित क्षेत्रों में कम्प्यूटर से प्राप्त आंकड़ों द्वारा कारगर बनाया जा रहा है । इस उद्देश्य के लिये मोनीटोरिंग तथा मूल्यांकन नियमावली तैयार कर ली गई है ।

(ग) जी नहीं । सरकारी भूमि पर वन विभागों द्वारा लगाए गये पौधों की देख-रेख वन विभाग के कर्मचारियों द्वारा की जा रही है । प्रथम 3 वर्षों के लिये वन विभाग पंचायती तथा समुदाय भूमि पर लगाए गये पौधों को भी देखता है । उसके बाद लगाए गये पेड़ो को रख-रखाव के लिए ग्राम पंचायतों को सौंप देता है । जहां तक फार्म फोरेस्ट्री प्रोग्राम के अंतर्गत लगाए गये पेड़ों का संबंध है, किसान अपने पेड़ों की स्वयं देखभाल करता है ।

Supply of arms to Pakistan by U.S.

214. SHRI V. NARAYANASAMY: Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the United States is supplying arms to Pakistan in large quantities and is also helping Pakistan to establish its own arms industry;

(b) whether Government consider it as a threat to the country's security and have taken up the matter with the U.S. administration; and

(c) if so, what is the response of the United States thereto?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI EDUARDO FALEIRO): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) Yes, Sir.

(c) The views held by the United States Government in the matter are not the same as ours.

Over staying by foreigners at the Indian Institue of Advanced Study Shimla

215. SHRI V. NARAYANSAMY: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that a number of foreigners are staying beyond the permitted period at the Indian Institute of Advanced Study in Shimla;

(b) whether Government have investigated into the matter;

(c) whether it is a fact that such foreigners are involved in acts which are detrimental to the country's security; and

(d) if so, what steps Government have taken to deport them from India?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PERSONNEL, PUBLIC GRIEVANCES AND PENSIONS AND THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI P. CHIDAMBARAM): (a) to (d) Information is being collected from the State Government and will be laid on the Table of the House.

News item caption "Calcutta, the city of the child labourers"

216. SHRI V. NARAYANASAMY: Will the Minister of LABOUR be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government's attention has been drawn to the news-item captioned "Calcutta, the city of the child labourers" which appeared in Indian Express of the 14th May, 1987;

(b) if so, whether there is any lack of machinery to enforce laws protecting the child labour in that region; and

(c) what steps Government have taken to give protection to the child labour in that region?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR (SHRI P.A. SANGMA): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The State Government which is the appropriate Government for enforcement of the laws relating to child labour in most occupations/processes has not reported any lack of enforcement machinery.

(c) Government has taken the following steps for the protection and benefit of child labour:

(1) The Child Labour (Prohibition and Regulation) Act was passed in 1986 to prohibit the employment of children in certain occupations/processes and regulate the employment of children in others.

(2) Several voluntary organisations have been given financial assistance for taking up projects to benefit child labour.

(3) A national Child Labour Programme consisting of pilot projects in child labour concentration has been started. One project for the children working in the match industry in Sivakasi is in operation.

Specifically in Calcutta, Government has given financial assistance to the Institute of Psychological & Educational Research, a voluntary agency based in Calcutta to take up two projects to give non-formal education, health care and nutrition to the child workers of North, South and Central Calcutta.

Pollution caused by sugar factories in Sangli, Maharashtra

217. SHRI DINKARRAO GOVINDRAO PATIL: Will the Minister of ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have conducted any survey to find out the extent of pollution caused by industries, specially by sugar factories in Sangli in Maharashtra, if so, what are the details thereof; and

(b) if not, whether Government propose to take any steps to check pollution being caused by sugar factories in Sangli?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS (SHRI Z. R. ANSARI): (a) and (b) Yes, Sir. An All India Survey was conducted including Maharashtra for implementation of Minimal National Standards for Sugar Industry. The factories in Maharashtra in general and particularly those of Sangli have effluent treatment facilities for effluent treatment in anaero-